## **TECHNICAL DATA SHEET**

### LIGHTNING PROTECTION INTERNATIONAL PTY LTD Comprehensive Lightning and Surge Protection ABN 11 099 190 897

Direct Strike Protection Earthing Products & Solutions Surge & Transient Protection for Power, Data, Communications and RF Lines

## LPI® Spark Gap Power Protection Module in Enclosure

#### Features

- High performance surge protector for an operating voltage of 220 277Vac
- Nominal impulse discharge current Ph-N 50kA 10/350µs, 135kA 8/20µs / Single Mode
- Shunt protection in a metal enclosure



#### Product Description

The LPI Power Protection Module is a power line shunt surge protection device housed in a metal enclosure. The LPI Power Protection Modules comes in 2 ranges: 1 Phase and 3 Phase. Each has Class I surge protection rated for 50kA 10/350µs, 135kA 8/20µs between P-N, and 100kA 10/350µs, 150kA 8/20µs between N-E. The unit is designed for mounting at main power switchboards and distribution boards in LP Zones 0 and 1 location as per IEC 62340. The unit is supplied with IEC 61643 Class I Spark Gap Surge Diverters which provide the most effective surge protection with low let through voltage.

Ordering Code		LPI 1PPMSG135kA-NE	LPI 3PPMSG135kA-NE		
Description:		Power Protection Module, Shunt , 135kA 8/20µs P-N, 100kA 10/350µs , N-E	Power Protection Module, Shunt , 3 x 135kA 8/20µs P-N, 100kA 10/350µs , N-E		
Power distribution systems:		TT, TN-S, TN-C, TN-C-S (MEN)			
Dimensions/ Weight:		300 (H) x 200 (W) x 150 (D) mm Approx. 5kg	300 (H) x 200 (W) x 150 (D) mm Approx. 5kg		
Environmental rating / Enclosure/ Mounting:		IP 55 / Metal enclosure/ Wall mount type			
Conductor size / Colour:		Accepts: 35mm <sup>2</sup>			
Operating temperatures:		-35 to +55°C, 0 – 95% humidity			
Response time:		< 100ns			
Standards:		IEC 61643 Class I, BS 6651 Cat A & B			
Surge withstand:		ANSI C62.41 Cat A, Cat B, Cat C, IEC61643 AS/NZS 1768 Cat A, Cat B, Cat C			
Application:		Main and sub-distribution boards			
Warranty:		5 Years			
		Ph-N Protection			
Surge rating:	I <sub>max</sub>	135kA 8/20µs	3 x 135kA 8/20µs		
Max. Impulse discharge current :	$I_{imp}$	50kA 10/350µs	3 x 50kA 10/350µs		
Nominal voltage:	Un	220 – 277Vac @ 50/60Hz	220 – 277Vac @ 50/60Hz		
Let through voltage:	$U_p$	< 1.3kV @ 50kA 10/350µs	< 1.3kV @ 50kA 10/350µs		
Energy capability per phase:	W/R	>600kJ	>600kJ		
Follow Current Interrupt rating:	I <sub>fl</sub>	25kA @ 255Vrms 50/60Hz	25kA @ 255Vrms 50/60Hz		
Max Backup Fuse:		315A gL/gG	315A gL/gG		
Max Operating Voltage:		480Vrms	480Vrms		
N-E Protection					
Surge rating:	I <sub>max</sub>	150kA 8/20µs	150kA 8/20µs		
Surge rating:	l <sub>imp</sub>	100kA 10/350µs	100kA 10/350µs		
Insulation resistance (R <sub>isol</sub> ):		>1000ΜΩ	>1000MΩ		
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### Operation

LPI 1PPMSG135kA-NE and 3PPMSG135kA-NE Shunt Protectors are designed to operate on 220-277 Vac, 50/60Hz power lines. The protectors are designed for use with TN-C, TN-S, TN-C-S (MEN) and TT

### Installation

- 1. Ensure power is disconnected prior to commencing installation.
- The unit is labelled showing the incoming (point of entry) and outgoing (load) terminals to be used. PHASE IN and PHASE OUT are at the top of the unit whilst the EARTH and NEUTRAL are at the bottom.
- 3. Ensure that the "V" or Kelvin connections as per figure 1 are observed.
- 4. Incoming cabling should enter the enclosure on the left hand side and load side cables should exit the enclosure on the right-hand side. This separation is important to ensure induction from "dirty" to "clean" lines does not occur.
- 5. The earth terminal must be connected to a low impedance earth (<10 Ohms) deploying a single point earthing system, which should be connected to an equipotential earth plane. Integral to this is the elimination of earth loops. It is common, but incorrect from the point of lightning protection to have separate earths for various services. The use of single or multi core copper earth cable of not less than 25mm<sup>2</sup> (Max. 50mm<sup>2</sup>) is recommended.
- 6. Once connections are completed apply power and observe correct operation

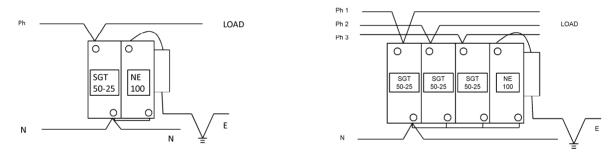


Figure 1 - Connection and Wiring Method (Kelvin Method) for 1Ph and 3Ph

### Location

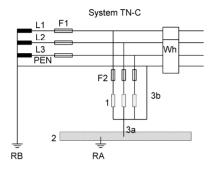
The Shunt Protection device should be installed at the "Point of Entry" of the power mains, but after the power meter and main breaker so as to protect II downstream power connected equipment.

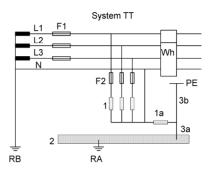
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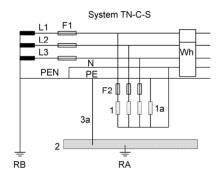
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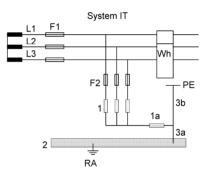
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#### Schematic Diagram for different distribution system









### Legend

- LPI SGT50-25/ SG60
- 1 LPI NE100 1a
- 2 Main equipotential bus bar
- Grounding wires for arresters 3a, 3b
- F1 Main back-up fuse of service main
- F2 Recommended back-up fuse 315AgL/gG (only if the main
  - back-up fuse F1 is fitted with back-up fuses >315AgL/gG)
- RA Equipment grounding
- RB Grounding system

### **Recommended Fuse and Cable Sizes**

Fuse F1 gL/gG	C2 mm <sup>2</sup> connection at F2	C3 mm <sup>2</sup> connection to gnd	Fuse F2 gL/gG
25A-80A	10	16	-
100A-125A	16	16	-
160A	25	25	-
200A-315A	35	35	-
≥500A	35	35	315A

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#### **Connection options:**

1. It is recommended that the "V" or Kelvin connection be employed as shown at Fig: 2a to minimize the over voltage applied on the protected equipment. Be sure not to run input and output wiring parallel.

2. If "V" connection is not possible, "T" connection is preferred as shown at Fig: 2b. With this connection method, the input lead length should be kept as short and thick as possible and the wires should be bundled together.

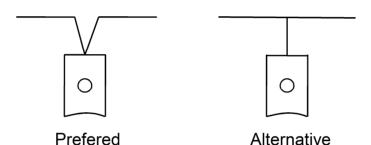


Fig 2a. Connection to moduels

Fig 2b. Alternative Connection

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